

SFP-10G-LR31FM

10.3Gbps SFP+ Transceiver, Single Mode, 10km Reach



Product Features

- Supports up to 10.7Gbps bit rates
- ❖ Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- ❖ 1310nm DFB laser and PIN photodiode, Up to 10km for SMF transmission
- ❖ Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring



Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C Industrial: -40 to +85°C

Applications

10Gbps Optical systems

10GBASE-LR at 10.3125Gbps

10GBASE-LW at 9.953Gbps

LTE systems

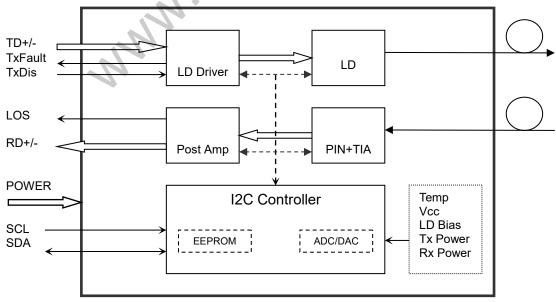
Other Optical links

Description

The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 10km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.



Transceiver functional diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
	Standard		0	-0)	+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Extended	Тс	-20	0	+80	°C
·	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply	Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply	Current	Icc			350	mA
Data Rate			1.0	10.3	10.7	Gbps



Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Centre W	avelength	λς	1270	1310	1350	nm	
Spectral Wid	Ith (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side-Mode Sup	pression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB	
Average Ou	utput Power	P _{out}	-6.5		-0.5	dBm	1
Extinction	on Ratio	ER	3.5		8	dB	
Data Input Sw	ing Differential	V _{IN}	180		850	mV	2
Input Different	ial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
1 A Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TV Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
	Receiver						
Centre W	avelength	λc	1260		1600	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-14.4	dBm	3
Receiver	Receiver Overload		0.5			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS _D			-15.5	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			0.5			dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		V _{out}	300		900	mV	4
		High	2.0		Vcc	V	
	LOS				0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10		•	μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on		-O,	100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
_	0 to +70		202	
Temperature	-20 to +80 -40 to +85	°C	±3°C	Internal
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	-6.5 to -0.5	dBm	±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-20 to -1	dBm	±3dB	Internal

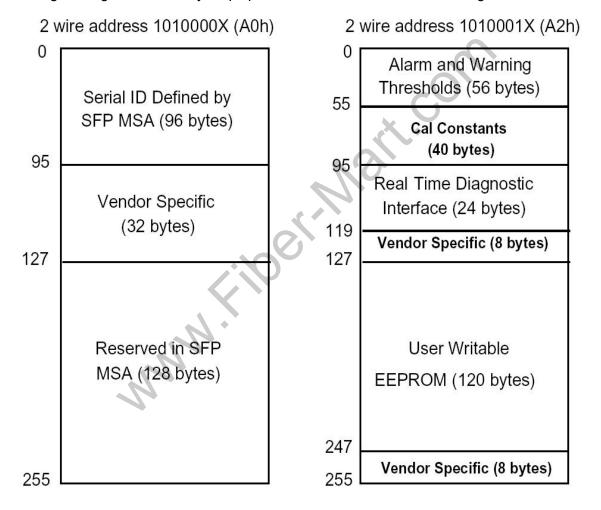


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

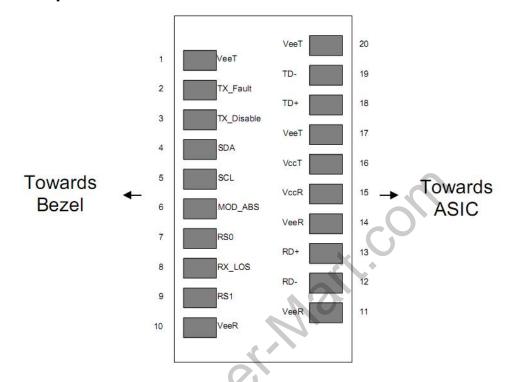
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Descriptions



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	



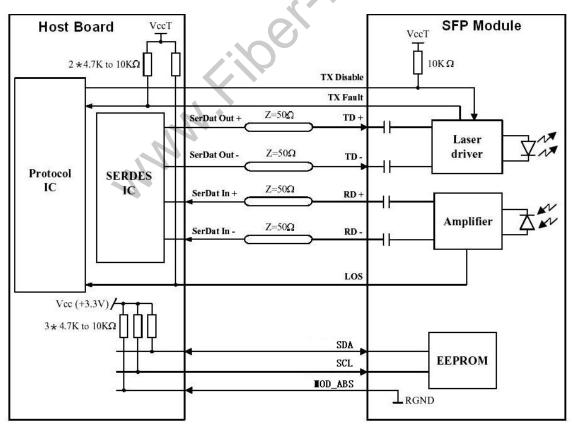
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

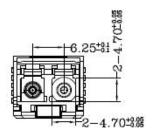
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

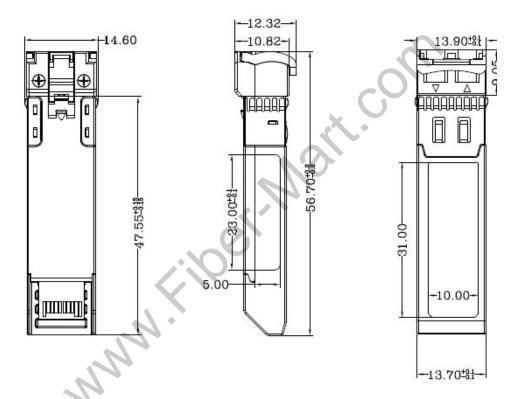
Recommended Interface Circuit





Mechanical Dimensions





Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
SFP-10G-LR31FM	1310nm, 10Gbps, LC, 10km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM
SFP-10G-LR31FMI	1310nm, 10Gbps, LC, 10km, -40°C~+85°C, with DDM