

SFP28-25G-BXFM

25Gbps SFP28 BIDI Transceiver, Single Mode, 10km Reach
1270nm TX / 1330nm RX



Product Features

- Supports up to 25.78Gbps bit rates
- ❖ Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- ◆ 1270nm DFB laser and PIN photodiode, Up to 10km for SMF transmission
- ❖ Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- * Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring



Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70° C

Industrial: -40 to +85°C

Applications

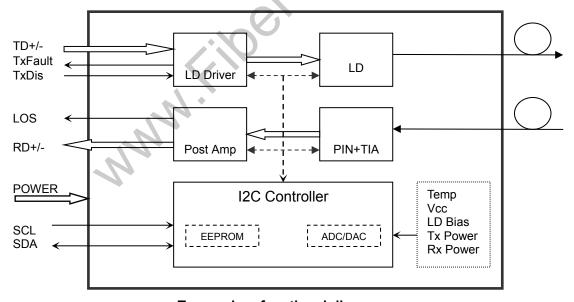
❖ 25GBASE-LR

Description

The SFP28 transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 25.78Gbps and 10km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.



Transceiver functional diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current	lcc			400	mA
Data Rate			25.78		Gbps
	Kiloe				



Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Centre '	Centre Wavelength		1260	1270	1280	nm	
Spectral \	Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side-Mode S	uppression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB	
Average (Output Power	Pout	-4		4	dBm	1
Extino	tion Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Data Input S	wing Differential	V _{IN}	180		850	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TV Divide	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0	Wo.	0.8	V	
TV 514	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receive	r			'
Centre '	Centre Wavelength		1320	1330	1340	nm	
Receive	er Sensitivity	19.			-13.3	dBm	3
Receive	er Overload				2	dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS _D			-15	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			0.5			dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		V _{out}	300		900	mV	4
			2.0		Vcc	V	
	LOS				0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @25.78Gps, BER ≤5×10⁻⁵.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			2	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			100	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off		60	100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V _L			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	-4 to 4	dBm	±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-14 to +2	dBm	±3dB	Internal

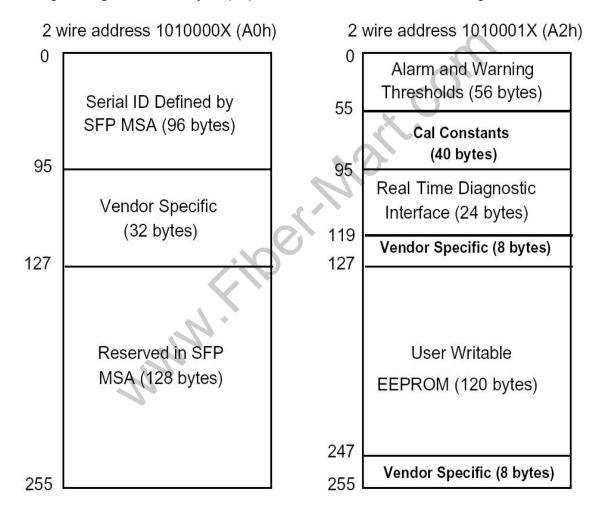


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

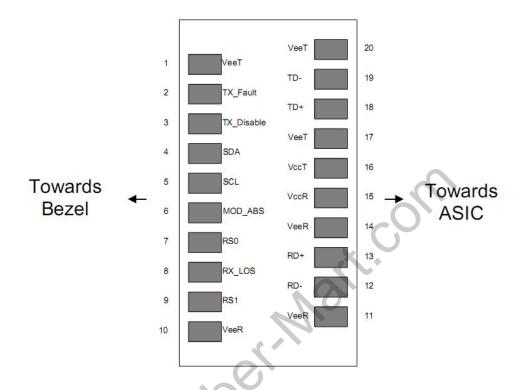
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Descriptions



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4



13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

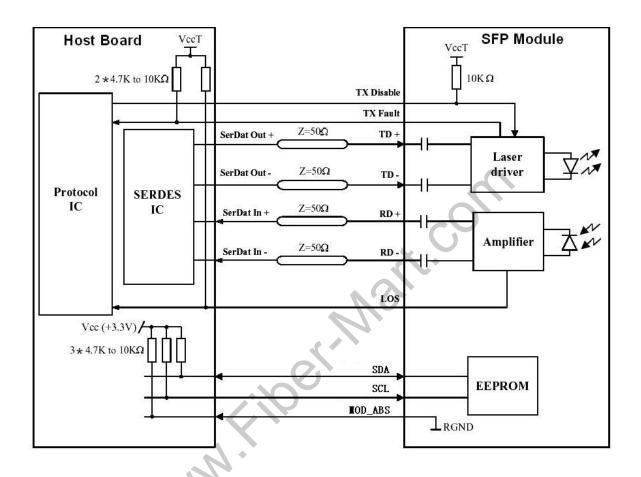
Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

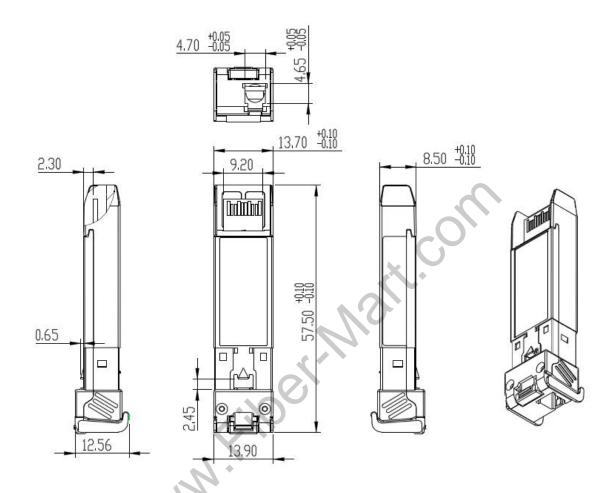


Recommended Interface Circuit





Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
SFP28-25G-BXFMI	1270T/1330R, 25.78Gbps, LC, 10km, -40°C~+85°C, with DDM
SFP28-25G-BXFM	1270T/1330R, 25.78Gbps, LC, 10km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM